

Title	Structural and synthetic studies on some antibiotics
Sub Title	
Author	山本, 英市(Yamamoto, Eiichi)
Publisher	慶應義塾大学藤原記念工学部
Publication year	1965
Jtitle	Proceedings of the Fujihara Memorial Faculty of Engineering Keio University (慶應義塾大学藤原記念工学部研究報告). Vol.18, No.71 (1965.) ,p.117(53)- 117(53)
JaLC DOI	
Abstract	
Notes	Summaries of Doctor and Master Theses Master of Engineering, 1965 Applied Chemistry
Genre	Departmental Bulletin Paper
URL	https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=KO50001004-00180071-0053

慶應義塾大学学術情報リポジトリ(KOARA)に掲載されているコンテンツの著作権は、それぞれの著作者、学会または出版社/発行者に帰属し、その権利は著作権法によって保護されています。引用にあたっては、著作権法を遵守してご利用ください。

The copyrights of content available on the Keio Associated Repository of Academic resources (KOARA) belong to the respective authors, academic societies, or publishers/issuers, and these rights are protected by the Japanese Copyright Act. When quoting the content, please follow the Japanese copyright act.

Structural and Synthetic Studies on Some Antibiotics

Eiichi YAMAMOTO*

Chemical studies on pentamycin

Pentamycin, an antifungal antibiotic, has been recrystallized from methanol; m. p. 217~218°C (decomp.), $[\alpha]_D -178.5$ (c 0.25; methanol). Elemental analysis: C 62.00; H 8.97%. U. V. spectrum of pentamycin showed maxima at 323, 338 and 356 m μ and a shoulder at 311 m μ . It has been found that I. R. spectrum as well as these properties are similar to those of fungichromin, the structure of which was reported by Cope et al. (1962).

Studies on the purification of an antibiotic C-521

Antibiotic C-521 has strong activities against Grampositive bacteria. Purification of the crude product has been studied. The component which is soluble in chloroform, methanol, acetone-isopropyl ether and benzene and insoluble in petroleum ether and carbon tetrachloride has been obtained as a semi-solid and showed 1120 U/mg. against *Mycrobacterium* 607.

Synthetic studies on Kanamycin-mono-O-phosphate

The purpose of this study is to phosphorylate the C-6 hydroxy group of 3-amion-3-deoxyglucose moiety of kanamycin. Tetra-N-carbobenzyoxykanamycin was phosphorylated with diphenylphosphorus-chloride to yield tetra-N-carbobenzyoxykanamycin-mono-O-diphenylphosphate. After removal of the protecting groups, kanamycin mono-O-phosphate has been obtained.

*山 本 英 市