慶應義塾大学学術情報リポジトリ

Keio Associated Repository of Academic resouces

Title	A study on improvement for high frequency characteristics in transistors
Sub Title	
Author	福島, 利夫(Fukushima, Toshio)
Publisher	慶応義塾大学藤原記念工学部
Publication year	1964
Jtitle	Proceedings of the Fujihara Memorial Faculty of Engineering Keio University (慶応義塾大学藤原記念工学部研究報告). Vol.17, No.66 (1964.) ,p.64(20)- 64(20)
JaLC DOI	
Abstract	
Notes	Summaries of Doctor and Master Theses Master of Engineering, 1964 Electrical Engineering
Genre	Departmental Bulletin Paper
URL	https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=KO50001004-00170066-0020

慶應義塾大学学術情報リポジトリ(KOARA)に掲載されているコンテンツの著作権は、それぞれの著作者、学会または出版社/発行者に帰属し、その権利は著作権法によって 保護されています。引用にあたっては、著作権法を遵守してご利用ください。

The copyrights of content available on the KeiO Associated Repository of Academic resources (KOARA) belong to the respective authors, academic societies, or publishers/issuers, and these rights are protected by the Japanese Copyright Act. When quoting the content, please follow the Japanese copyright act.

A Study on Improvement for High Frequency Characteristics in Transistors

Toshio FUKUSIMA*

An important point on the high frequency characteristics in transistors is to improve their figure of merit. Each factor (f_{ac} , r_{bb} , and Cc) of the figure of merit is calculated with using a digital computer under five cases, in which their distributions of doping density are supposed to be the exponential linear, X^2 , X^4 , and constant functions.

It is investigated that, for the improvement on the high frequency characteristics, the best distribution of the density should have a certain impurity gradient in the base region, i.e., particularly the collector side of the base region should have less impurity concentration to decrease its collector capacitance and base width, but on the contrary the emitter side should be made with larger impurity concentration to build up the electric field in the base region, and also to decrease the base spreading resistance.

Therefore, the best impurity distribution chosen under the conditions mentioned above must be an exponential functional doping distribution.

It is recognized that a p-n-i-p transistor or the transistor which has the distribution proposed in this paper will get better result for the high frequency operation.

The improvement of only frequency characteristics by the decrease of the base width reduces the power gain of the transistor by means of the increase in the base spreading resistance, but the distribution forming the electric field inside of the transistor decreases the base width and makes it improve the high frequency characteristics.