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of the objective conditions to develop the racial emancipation movement by the Koreans in "Manchuria". (For instance, the one that was fostered by those who had experienced the tenants' dispute in southern Korea.) Thus we can get two series: that is, in addition to the already known "northern Korea → on the medium of field crop yielding → southern Manchuria", there is another line "southern Korea → on the medium of rice producing → middle and northern Manchuria".

After the failure in the policy of emigration of the Japanese to Manchuria, a noninterference policy, as a substitute for the above, was taken toward the migration of the Koreans to Manchuria, and there was seen a great deal of migration of the Koreans. The purpose of this policy firstly lay in stationing the police army by the Japanese imperialism under the pretext of protecting them (e. g. establishment of the Chientao Temporary Branch Office in 1907) in order to expand its power mechanism in Manchuria, and secondly lay in utilization of the Koreans naturalized as the Chinese citizens in order to obtain the Shōso-ken (or the invasion of land). Thus Koreans in Manchuria numbered about 500,000 (or 800,000) in 1930.

In 1931, when the Japanese imperialism started the invasion of Manchuria and declared the foundation of the puppet country of "Manchuria", the migration of the Koreans to Manchuria, instead of the previous noninterference policy, came to be performed systematically by the national power such as the Government-General of Chōsen and the Kuantung Army. While the Government-General (on the part of Korea) was positive toward the migration in the effort to "dissolve" the contradiction in Korea itself by means of migration of the surplus population in southern Korea to Manchuria and creation of owner farmers there, the Kuantung Army (on the part of Manchuria) was against the migration of the Koreans to Manchuria for the reason of public order. With such contradiction between these two power organizations, the migration policy advanced under the hegemony of the Kuantung Army at the beginning.

Moreover, in 1934, the "Manchou Development Company" was established as an organization for the emigration of the Koreans, and after the starting of the Sino-Japanese war (1937), "the Leading Principle for the Koreans in Manchuria" was enacted in 1938, and the time came when the emigration policy was carried out in unification by the Kuantung Army, the Government-General, and various emigration agencies. However, the policy of emigration of the Koreans to Manchuria rapidly fell in since the outbreak of the Pacific War, because the compulsory bringing the Koreans to Japan was done in a great quantity to place them in the coal mines and others to cover the shortage of labor caused by the progress of wartime economy.

The Number of the Koreans in Manchuria was about 1.3 million in 1940 and just before the end of the War, the number reached 1.5 million at least.

次 号 目 次

論 説

アジアの新情勢と日本の経済協力の志向……………山 本 登
 利潤率と市場構造諸要因
 —日米に関する実証研究— ……………植 草 益

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書 評

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