

Title	Notes on the general characteristics of totalitarian dictatorship
Sub Title	
Author	奈良, 和重(Nara, Kazushige)
Publisher	慶應義塾大学法学研究会
Publication year	1958
Jtitle	法學研究：法律・政治・社会 (Journal of law, politics, and sociology). Vol.31, No.2/3 (1958. 3) ,p.(3)- (2)
Abstract	
Notes	日本語本文「全體主義的獨裁の一般的特徴について」あり
Genre	Journal Article
URL	https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=AN00224504-19580315-0131

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and the Declaration of the Rights of Man. Therefore, in order to study the Labor Right to strike, it will be necessary for us to know its history of development.

Is the strike act same as the act defined in the preamble of the Constitution? If so, the abuse of this right must be questioned. In the course of studying legal responsibilities of the strike act under the civil and criminal cases, we must investigate the presence of abuse of this right. If there is abuse in one case, the case will be considered by the General Law.

Another question which will be considered in this case is the judgement of gross mistake which has great influence on the effect of the act to strike. In the French Strike Act, a political strike is very important. Therefore, whether or not this political strike is included in the strikes in the Constitution is an important matter for consideration.

In order to control the strikes, the compulsory conciliation system is provided and in any kind of strike, it is required that it be applied to the conciliation board beforehand. Does this system restrict greatly the exercising of the strike right?

Thus, the writer tried to investigate the construction of strike right in the French Labor Law from the various sides.

NOTES ON THE GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF TOTALITARIAN DICTATORSHIP

by Kazushige Nara

There are many arguments as to whether Communism and Fascism (including Nazism) are considered in the same group of Totalitarianism or Dictatorship. In discussing this problematic situation which concerns the gravity of our urgent world crisis, we often lead to the sharpness of the clash between democracy and totalitarianism, and oversimplify the alternatives as democracy versus totalitarianism. It is here important to clarify what totalitarianism is, although a biased view or normative evaluation is inevitable to deal with.

Dictatorship at present has developed a special form of government

(cf. Alfred Coffan, *Dictatorship*, 1939) which differs from the old dictatorial system. The meaning of Dictatorship as we know it today, such as Communism and Fascism, has many traits which are similar to the characteristics of Totalitarianism.

In this article, the writer studied the general characteristics of Totalitarian Dictatorship referring to the remarkable works of J. F. Friedrich and Z. K. Brzezinski and intended to seek direction for our future studies.