慶應義塾大学学術情報リポジトリ Keio Associated Repository of Academic resouces

| Title | Electromyographic investigation of muscular movements in kendo (part II) : as related to applied techniques |
|------------------|--|
| Sub Title | |
| Author | 福本, 修二(Fukumoto, Shuji) |
| Publisher | 慶應義塾大学体育研究所 |
| Publication year | 1981 |
| Jtitle | 体育研究所紀要 (Bulletin of the institute of physical education, Keio university). Vol.21, No.1 (1981. 12) ,p.87- 88 |
| JaLC DOI | |
| Abstract | |
| Notes | Abstract |
| Genre | |
| URL | https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=AN00135710-00210001- 0087 |

慶應義塾大学学術情報リポジトリ(KOARA)に掲載されているコンテンツの著作権は、それぞれの著作者、学会または出版社/発行者に帰属し、その権利は著作権法によって 保護されています。引用にあたっては、著作権法を遵守してご利用ください。

The copyrights of content available on the KeiO Associated Repository of Academic resources (KOARA) belong to the respective authors, academic societies, or publishers/issuers, and these rights are protected by the Japanese Copyright Act. When quoting the content, please follow the Japanese copyright act.

Electromyographic Investigation of Muscular Movements in *Kendō* (Part II) ——As Related To Applied Techniques——

By Shuji Fukumoto*

1. Purpose

Acquisition of the hitting and thrusting techniques is important in the $Kend\bar{o}$ in that it is prerequisite for attaining proficiency in the martial art or making effective points in the hitting and thrusting offensives. In view of this, these techniques have been analyzed from different angles for long.

The purpose of this investigation was to electromyographically observe the intermuscular movements that occur in the fencers during their hitting and thrusting motions.

For this investigation, we specifically selected "Do-Datostu" where a fencer hits and thrusts his opponent in the torso with ordinary forward motions mixed with whirligig, and more complicated "Mengaeshi-Do-Datotsu" where a fencer defends against a blow in the face and proceeds to hit and thrust his opponent in the torso in one act from among various applied techniques of the Kendō. Then, we electromyographically evaluated the intermuscular working of the extremitas thoracica during the performance of these particular tricks.

2. Summary

This investigation proved that a skilled fencer performs more effectively by utilizing the intermuscular cooperation of the extremitas thoracica during a chain of actions from defending against his opponent's "Shinai", or bamboo sword, or raising his "Shinai" overhead to hitting and thrusting his opponent in the torso. In particular, the bilaterally cooperative working of M. pronator teres and M. extensor carpi radialis was remarkably observed during the performance of "Kaeshi", a trick where defence and offence are performed in one act.

^{*} Assistant Professor of the Institute of Physical Education, Keio University.

This may support the traditional emphasis in the $Kend\bar{o}$ upon the necessity of dealing with that trick with left hand positioned at the center of the body and right hand relaxed.