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## A Reticuloendothelial System-Activating Glycan from the Barks of *Eucommia ulmoides*\*

Masashi Tomoda, Ryōko Gonda, Noriko Shimizu and Mieko Kanari

友田正司, 権田良子, 清水訓子, 金成美枝子

From the hot water extract of the barks of *Eucommia ulmoides*, a glycan, named eucomman B, has been isolated by treatment with cetyltrimethylammonium bromide followed by fractionation on DEAE-Sephadex A-25 and chromatography on Sephacryl S-300 columns. The glycan gave a single band on PAGE, and a single peak on gel chromatography, which gave a value of  $4.6 \times 10^4$  for its molecular mass.

Eucomman B is composed of L-arabinose: D-galactose: L-rhamnose: D-galacturonic acid in the molar ratio of 10:5:24:24, in addition to small amounts of peptide moiety. The glycan showed significant reticuloendothelial system-potentiating activity in a carbon clearance test.

Chemical and spectroscopic studies established that the minimal unit of the polysaccharide is composed of two terminal  $\alpha$ -L-arabinofuranose, seven  $\alpha$ -1,5-linked L-arabinofuranose, one  $\alpha$ -1,3-linked L-arabinopyranose, two terminal  $\beta$ -D-galactopyranose, two  $\beta$ -1,3-linked D-galactopyranose, one  $\beta$ -1,6-linked D-galactopyranose, one terminal  $\alpha$ -L-rhamnopyranose, twenty  $\alpha$ -1,2-linked L-rhamnopyranose, three  $\alpha$ -2,4-branched L-rhamnopyranose, twenty-two  $\alpha$ -1,4-linked D-galactopyranosyluronic acid and two  $\alpha$ -3,4-branched D-galactopyranosyluronic acid residues. Thus the glycan possesses mainly  $\alpha$ -1,2-linked L-rhamno- $\alpha$ -1,4-linked D-galacturonan structure.

<sup>\*</sup> 本報告は Phytochemistry, 29, 3091-3094 (1990) に発表.