

Title	Characterization of an acidic polysaccharide from the seeds of malva verticillata stimulating the phagocytic activity of cells of the RES
Sub Title	
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Publisher	共立薬科大学
Publication year	1990
Jtitle	共立薬科大学研究年報 (The annual report of the Kyoritsu College of Pharmacy). No.35 (1990.) ,p.33- 33
JaLC DOI	
Abstract	
Notes	抄録
Genre	Technical Report
URL	https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=AN00062898-00000035-0033

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**Characterization of an Acidic Polysaccharide from the Seeds
of *Malva verticillata* Stimulating the Phagocytic
Activity of Cells of the RES***

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An acidic polysaccharide, designated as MVS-IVA, was isolated from the seeds of *Malva verticillata* by the extraction with hot water followed by ion-exchange chromatography on DEAE-Sephadex A-25 (carbonate), affinity chromatography on Con A-Sepharose and gel chromatography on Sephacryl S-500 and Sephadex G-25. The purified substance gave a single peak on gel chromatography and gave a single band on PAGE.

MVS-IVA consists of L-arabinose: D-xylose: D-galactose: L-rhamnose: D-galacturonic acid in the molar ratio of 28:3:8:2:3 and also contains a small amount of protein. Its molecular mass was estimated to be 4.47×10^5 . MVS-IVA showed a remarkable reticuloendothelial system (RES) potentiating activity in the carbon clearance test.

Chemical and spectroscopic studies demonstrated that the minimal unit of polysaccharide is composed of eight terminal α -L-arabinofuranose, sixteen α -1,5-linked L-arabinofuranose, four α -1,3-linked L-arabinopyranose, three β -1,4-linked D-xylopyranose, eight β -3,6-branched D-galactopyranose, two α -1,2-linked L-rhamnopyranose and three α -1,4-linked D-galactopyranosyluronic acid residues. The controlled Smith degradation revealed the presence of a backbone chain composed of β -1,6-linked D-galactopyranosyl residues having branching points at position 3.

* 本報告は *Planta Medica*, 56, 73-76 (1990) に発表.