Title	Role of cholesterol 10-methyl group and effect of "Extra" 14-methyl group on silkworm growth and development
Sub Title	
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Publisher	共立薬科大学
Publication year	1989
Jtitle	共立薬科大学研究年報 (The annual report of the Kyoritsu College of Pharmacy). No.34 (1989.) ,p.83- 83
JaLC DOI	
Abstract	
Notes	抄録
Genre	Technical Report
URL	https://koara.lib.keio.ac.jp/xoonips/modules/xoonips/detail.php?koara_id=AN00062898-00000034- 0083

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Role of Cholesterol 10-Methyl Group and Effect of "Extra" 14-Methyl Group on Silkworm Growth and Development*

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In order to establish the functional importance of the 10-methyl group of cholesterol and the planarity of the steroid ring, silkworm (*Bombyx mori*) were reared on an artificial diet containing 19-norcholesterol, 14α -methylcholesterol or 19,19-difluorocholesterol.

The former two sterols only partially satisfied the silkworm sterol requirement; growth and development were seriously retarded. The fluorinated sterol was much more deleteious and was totally inadequate in meeting the sterol requirement. Thus, 10-methyl group of cholesterol is important for eliciting its biological function, presumably through attractive van der Waals interaction with fatty acyl chain of membrane phospholipid. The 10-hydrogen atom of 19-norcholesterol and the difluoromethyl group of 19,19-difluorocholesterol may be too small, or too electronegative, respectively. It is also clear that $|4\alpha$ -methylcholesterol only partially satisfies the silkworm sterol requirement. Protrusion of the 14α -methyl group from the plane of steroid ring may account for the observed deleterious effect, suggesting the functional importance of the planarity of cholesterol structure.

^{*} 本報告は Chem. Pharm. Bull., 37, 1930—1931(1989)に発表.